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EXPLANATORY FOREWORD BY THE DIRECTOR OF FINANCE

Introduction

The Accounts of the Islands Council are set out on the following pages and have been prepared in accordance with the Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in Great Britain.

The financial statement presented on page 7 is the Consolidated Revenue Account which brings together all the Council's income and expenditure for the year and shows that the Council's revenue reserves have increased by £19.9M to £181.9M.

The following statements, the Harbour Authority Summary Revenue Account, the Housing Revenue Account, the Council Tax Income Account, the Non Domestic Rates Income Account, and the Orkney College of Further Education, provide further analysis of the figures shown in the Consolidated Revenue Account.

The Consolidated Balance Sheet on page 20 shows that overall the financial position of the authority at 31 March 2004 is very healthy. Fund Balances and Reserves total £345.6M with no external borrowing.

A Statement of Total Movement in Reserves is provided on page 30.

The Cash Flow Statement on page 33 reconciles the operating surplus to the movement in cash for the year.

The Council also maintains financial records for the Pension Fund and various charity and trust funds. These statements are provided following the Cash Flow Statement.

Review of the Year

Local Taxation

The Islands Council on 13 February 2003 agreed a General Fund budget of £53.4M and under the Local Government Finance Act 1992 set Council Tax for Band D properties at £900.00. This was the third lowest Council Tax figure in Scotland being some £109 below the Scottish Average.

General Fund Service Spending

General Fund Services were financed by Revenue Support Grant of £41.4M, Non Domestic Rate Income of £6.4M and Council Tax Income of £6.2M. The net effect of the variations from budget is a General Fund surplus of £1.326M for the year after the use of balances.

Capital Expenditure

During the year the following major Capital Projects were in progress or substantially completed:

Education Kirkwall Grammar School

Glaitness Primary Extension Shapinsay Primary School St Andrews School Extension

Recreation and Cultural Hoy Outdoor Centre

Roads B9066 Westray Phase VII

Harbours Scapa Pier Improvements

Stromness & Kirkwall Marinas

Community Social Services One Stop Shop

Dounby Care Unit Westray Care Unit

Other Housing Garson Housing Development

Capital Expenditure for 2003/04 was contained within the consents issued by the Secretary of State for Scotland, while unapplied capital receipts increased by £136,000, from £729,000 to £865,000.

The Loan Debt outstanding on the various services accounts at 31 March 2004 was: Harbours - £5.5M, Housing Revenue Account - £0.6M, other General Fund Services - £26.8M and Orkney College £1.7M.

Trading Organisations

The Council has maintained trading accounts in five areas of Construction & Municipal, Cleaning, Quarries, Waste Disposal and Catering. With effect from 2003/04 all significant trading activities require to break even over a three year rolling period. The results of the first three year period will not be seen until 2005/06. Surpluses have been achieved in each of the statutory trading accounts maintained.

Net Pension Fund Liability

In accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard No 17 - Retirement Benefits (FRS 17) the net pension fund liability as at 31 March 2004 is £10.7M. This represents a decrease of £9.7M on the previous year, and is largely due to the rise in the equity markets at this time.

The actuarial valuation has considered the appropriate level of employers contributions necessary for the next three year period 2003/06, taking into account estimated revenues generated from investments in the future, to meet the fund's commitments in the long term.

Euro

Although the Euro at this stage has a minimum impact on Council activities it is worth noting that the financial package the Council uses is Euro compliant.

Acknowledgements

I would like to take this opportunity to thank my colleagues in the Finance Department and in the other Service Departments for their help and co-operation in managing the financial affairs of the Authority.

A TAIT, C.P.F.A., F.C.C.A. Director of Finance 29 June 2004

STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES

General

The accounts have been prepared in accordance with the Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting. The Code of Practice has been developed by the CIPFA/LASAAC Joint Committee. Any exceptions to the Code of Practice are disclosed in the notes to the Accounts.

Corporate and Democratic Core

Costs associated with democratic representation, including members expenses, and costs related to the corporate management of the Council, have been charged to Corporate and Democratic Core in accordance with CIPFA's Best Value Accounting Code of Practice (BVACOP).

Overheads

The costs of Central Support Services have been fully allocated using a time or unit based method of apportionment over the various accounts of the Authority after separately identifying the cost of Corporate and Democratic Core and Unapportionable Central Overheads in accordance with BVACOP. In 2003/04, £5.987M of Central Support Services were apportioned on this basis.

Debtors and Creditors

The Accounts have been maintained on a receipts and payments basis during the financial year and have been converted to an income and expenditure basis by incorporating sums due to and by the Council at 31 March 2004.

Pension Costs

Orkney Islands Council participates in two different pension schemes which meet the needs of employees in particular services. Both Schemes provide members with defined benefits related to pay and service. The schemes are as follows:

Teachers

This is an unfunded scheme administered by the Scottish Executive. The pension costs charged to the accounts represent the contribution rate set by the Scottish Executive on the basis of a notional fund.

Other employees

Other employees, subject to certain qualifying criteria, are eligible to join the Local Government Superannuation Scheme.

The full implementation of Financial Reporting Standard No.17 Retirement Benefits represents a change in accounting policy. Under the previous policy pension liabilities were only recognised in relation to retirement benefits when employers contributions became payable to the pension fund or payments fell due to pensioners for which we were directly responsible. The new policy reflects the pension cost related to current service and results in the recognition of a net pension liability and a pension reserve in the Consolidated Balance Sheet.

The pension costs that are included in the Net Cost of Service in respect of these employees represent the cost associated with the current service together with the capitalised pension costs relating to early retirements which took place during the year. The difference between these costs and the actual contributions made to the Scheme, determined in accordance with relevant Government regulations, is recorded as an adjustment to arrive at the expenditure to be met from government grants and local taxation.

As required by ACOP, a prior year adjustment has been made to the accounts, the outcome of which is to create a Pension Reserve and Pension Liability in the accounts as at 31 March 2003.

Revenue Grants

All Revenue Grants are matched with the expenditure to which they relate.

Capital Grants

Capital Grants received are matched to the expenditure incurred during the year.

Stocks and Work in Progress

Stocks have been valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Work in progress has been valued at an amount inclusive of attributable profits and foreseeable losses.

Fixed Assets

All expenditure on the acquisition, creation or enhancement of fixed assets has been capitalised on an accruals basis.

Fixed assets have been valued on the following basis:

Infrastructure and Community Assets are valued at historical cost net of depreciation.

Operational land and buildings and other operational assets are valued at the lower of Net Current Replacement Cost (NCRC) and Net Realisable Value (NRV) in existing use.

Non Operational Assets, including investment property and assets that are surplus to requirements, are valued at the lower of NCRC and NRV. This will normally be open market value.

The fixed assets are to be revalued not less than every five years. The difference between the current value of the fixed assets and the amount of debt outstanding on these assets in the balance sheet is reflected in the value of the Fixed Asset Restatement Reserve.

Capital Receipts are utilised to reduce outstanding loan debt or to finance Capital Expenditure during the year.

Depreciation

All assets are depreciated over their estimated economic useful lives using the straight line method. Where land is estimated to have an infinite useful life no depreciation is applied. Provision has been made for depreciation on buildings, infrastructure, vehicles and equipment, as follows:-

Buildings - each property has been individually assessed to derive

outstanding useful life, up to a maximum of 100 years.

Infrastructure - the majority of infrastructure assets are depreciated over

40 years.

Vehicles - varies between 3 and 15 years according to class of vehicle.

Equipment - 5 years.

Capital Charges

Capital charges are levied on all service revenue accounts under the Capital Accounting arrangements to reflect the true cost or value of fixed assets used in the delivery of local authority services. The capital charges include amounts for notional interest and depreciation based on the fixed asset values. The notional interest charge reflects the opportunity cost to the Islands Council of holding the fixed assets, while the depreciation charge reflects the loss in value of the assets over time. These capital charges are then reversed out below the line and replaced with actual capital finance charges using the Asset Management Revenue Account, so that these notional charges do not impact on the Local Taxpayer.

Deferred Charges

Deferred Charges represent capital expenditure for which no tangible asset exists. As the Deferred Charges do not reflect continuing benefit to the Islands Council they have been amortised to the service revenue accounts.

Finance Leases

Fixed assets acquired by means of finance leases are included in the Balance Sheet, along with any outstanding finance lease obligations which have yet to crystallise.

Loan Debt

It is the policy of the Council to extinguish loan debt as quickly as possible and consequently some annual repayments of principal have been made on an accelerated basis. The Asset Management Revenue Account is charged with annual repayments of principal and an average rate of interest on the balance outstanding.

The average rate of interest charged by the fund in 2003/04 was as follows:

Revenue balances 3.52% (2002/03 4.00%) Capital balances 3.49% (2002/03 3.96%)

Provisions

Provisions are amounts set aside for liabilities or losses likely to be incurred but where there is uncertainty as to the precise amounts or dates on which they will arise.

Provisions have been made for doubtful debts.

Reserves

Repairs and Renewals Funds

Repairs and Renewals Funds are maintained in the General Fund for the purpose of replacing plant, vehicles and vessels.

Capital Fund

A Capital Fund is maintained in terms of Schedule 3 of the Local Government (Scotland) Act 1975 for the purpose of financing expenditure on Capital Assets.

Harbour Authority Revenue Account Balances

Surplus income from the Council's harbour operations is credited to the Harbour Reserve Fund. The Harbour Reserve Fund encompasses all the Harbour Authority Revenue Account Balances which can be used for purposes specified in the Orkney County Council Act 1974. The Relevant Services Contingency Fund is used to support General Fund expenditure.

Direct Service Organisation Revenue Account Balance

This Reserve has been created from surpluses earned by the Council's Direct Service Organisations. In accordance with the Local Government Scotland Act 2003 these surpluses have been transferred to General Fund Balances.

Pension Reserve

As required by ACOP, a prior year adjustment has been made to the accounts, the outcome of which is to create a Pension Reserve and Pension Liability in the accounts as at 31 March 2003. The Pension Reserve recognises that a net pension liability exists in terms of the Islands Councils obligation to fund the employees defined benefits pension scheme.

Valuation of Investments

Investments are shown at cost less related provision. Investments held by the Pension Fund are valued at market value. Property investments and Fishing Vessel Track Record investments are valued at open market value.

Foreign Currency Translation

Monetary assets denominated in a foreign currency have been translated at the prevailing rate at the year end.

Group Accounts

The Islands Council has a major interest in the companies detailed in Note 7 to the Consolidated Balance Sheet on page 26.

Group accounts have however not been prepared in accordance with the Accounting Code of Practice. The overriding principle of the Code is to provide clarity. It is believed that preparation of group accounts would in fact hinder the reader's understanding of the Statement of Accounts.

CONSOLIDATED REVENUE ACCOUNT

Restated	CONSOLIDATED REVE	ivel necesiv	•	
31-Mar-03				31-Mar-04
Net		Gross	_	Net
Expenditure		Expenditure	Income	Expenditure
£000	Continuing Operations	€000	£000	£000
24,335	Continuing Operations Education	26,455	2,021	24,434
3,742	Cultural and Recreation	4,598	743	3,855
8,685	Community Social Services	13,816	4,465	9,351
1,225	Police Services	1,359	-,+03	1,359
969	Fire Services	1,049	_	1,049
	Roads and Transportation	13,478	1,138	12,340
696	Planning and Development	1,479	537	942
3,383	Environmental Services	4,137	720	3,417
2,390	Central Services	2,892	2,533	359
*	Housing Services	4,283	4,090	193
916	Harbour Authority	9,498	9,855	(357)
192	Non Distributed Cost	309	-	309
59,269	NET COST OF SERVICES	83,353	26,102	57,251
(421)	Net (Surplus)/Deficit on DSOs			-
(51)	Net (Surplus)/Deficit on Waste Di	sposal		-
(166)	Net (Surplus)/Deficit on Quarries			-
1,697	Net (Surplus)/Deficit on Harbour	Investment Income		(8,581)
473	Net (Surplus)/Deficit on Orkney College			364
(276)	Interest on Balances			(198)
(126)	Pensions Interest cost and expected	1		1.000
(126)	return on Pension Assets			1,069
(10.273)	Net(Income)/Expenditure on Asset Management Revenue Accord	ınt		(7,105)
	-			
50,126	NET OPERATING EXPENDIT			42,800
-	Contribution from Relevant Service	es Contingency Ac	count	(483)
(47)	Contribution from Reserves			116
1,335	Contribution to Repairs and Renev			2,619
512	Capital expenditure financed from			263
4,808	Capital expenditure financed from	revenue - Other A	ccounts	6,652
65	Movement on Pensions Reserve	C 1		(588)
(6,593)	Reconciling amount for provisions			(5,258)
50,206	AMOUNT TO BE MET FROM GRANTS AND LOCAL TAXPA		Γ	46,121
38,128	Revenue Support Grant			41,405
6,745	Non domestic Rate Income			6,409
5,574	Council Tax			6,233
241	SURPLUS/(DEFICIT) FOR YE	AR		7,926
176,188	Balance at 1 April 2003			176,429
241	Surplus/(Deficit) for year			7,926
176,429	BALANCE AT 31 MARCH 200	4		184,355

Notes on Consolidated Revenue Account

1. Publicity Expenditure

Under Section 5(1) of the Local Government Act 1986, the Council is required to separately account for expenditure on publicity, as follows:

2002/03		2003/04
£000		£000
148	Staff Recruitment Advertising	151
81	Other Advertising	115
47	Corporate Information Services	34
276		300

2. External Audit Fees

The fee payable to Audit Scotland in respect of external audit services undertaken in accordance with the Code of Practice is £0.184 million (2002/03 £0.161 million). No fees were paid in respect of other services provided by the appointed auditor.

3. Trading Organisations

The Council completes statutory trading accounts, within the definition of the Local Government in Scotland Act 2003, for five Organisations and maintains further non-statutory accounts for information purposes. Significant trading operations require to break even over a three year rolling period.

Statutory

Orkney Direct Construction and Municipal carries out general highway and road maintenance work for the Transport and Infrastructure Committee in addition to refuse collection and environmental cleansing for the Environment, Planning & Protective Services Committee.

Orkney Direct Cleaning carries out building cleaning for all public buildings.

Orkney Direct Quarries supplies most of the raw materials for work on the highways and roads in Orkney. Quarries surplus of £45K, attributable to external sales, was transferred as a contribution to the roads revenue budget.

Orkney Direct Waste Disposal arranges for the destruction of all domestic and industrial waste generated in Orkney.

Orkney Catering Services supplies the schools in Orkney through the Education Committee.

Non-Statutory

Orkney Direct Warehouse & Transport is responsible for the maintenance of all Council vehicles, mainly servicing vehicles and plant employed in other trading organisations as well as vehicles held within Education and Social Services Departments.

The actual financial performance, surplus / (deficit), for the current year is detailed below:

2002/03	2002/03		2003/04	2003/04
£000	£000		£000	£000
Turnover	Surplus	Statutory	Turnover	Surplus
6,545	330	Construction & Municipal	6,307	200
1,031	79	Cleaning	1,106	85
1,686	166	Quarries	1,523	20
1,942	51	Waste Disposal	1,743	83
1,092	2	Catering	1,185	3
		Non-Statutory		
700	10	Warehouse & Transport	672	25
12,996	638		12,536	416

4. Local Authority (Goods and Services) Act 1970

The Council is empowered by this act to provide Goods and Services to other public bodies. During the year the Council has provided building services for the following bodies on the basis that the services provided are ancillary to the Council's functions.

2002/03	2002/03		2003/04	2003/04
Receipts	Payments		Receipts	Payments
£000	£000		£000	£000
-	13	Orkney Housing Association	1	1
-	13	Northern Police Joint Board	20	15
-	1	Highlands and Islands Fire Joint Board	-	1
-	1	RNLI	-	-
-	6	Orkney Islands Property Development	105	87
_	34		126	104

5. Asset Management Revenue Account

The Asset Management Revenue Account (AMRA) is used to reconcile the capital charges applied for the use of fixed assets in service revenue accounts, with the cost of financing those assets on the Consolidated Revenue Account.

Capital charges are levied on all service revenue accounts under the Capital Accounting arrangements to reflect the true cost or value of fixed assets used in the delivery of local authority services. The capital charges include amounts for notional interest and depreciation based on the fixed asset values. The notional interest charge reflects the opportunity cost to the Islands Council of holding the fixed assets, while the depreciation charge reflects the loss in value of the assets over time. These capital charges are then reversed out below the line and replaced with actual capital finance charges using the Asset Management Revenue Account, so that these notional charges do not impact on the Local Taxpayer.

2002/03		2003/04
£000		£000
	Expenditure	
1,342	Interest	1,365
20	Debt Management	21
7,696	Provision for Depreciation	8,113
9,058	TOTAL	9,499
	Income	
17,970	Capital Charges	15,199
1,361	Government Grants Deferred	1,405
19,331	TOTAL	16,604
	(Surplus) / Deficit to Consolidated	
(10,273)	Revenue Account	(7,105)

6. Revenue Support Grant

The Scottish Office provided the Islands Council with £47.1M of Aggregate External Finance for 2003/04 in the form of Revenue Support Grant and Non Domestic Rates income as follows:

2002/03		2003/04
£000		£000
	Original	
37,273	Revenue Support Grant	40,251
6,544	Non Domestic Rates Income	6,848
43,817		47,099
1,056	Adjustment for Redeterminations	715
	Actual Results	
38,128	Revenue Support Grant	41,405
6,745	Non Domestic Rates Income	6,409
44,873		47,814

After adjustments have been made in respect of redeterminations and actual Non Domestic Rates receipts the final figure has increased by £715,000 to £47.814M. The Islands Councils collection of Non Domestic Rates is less than the provisional distributable amount for 2003/04 due to changes in the year. This resulted in an underpayment from the National Non Domestic Rates pool of £398,000.

7. Pension Costs

Local Government Pension Scheme

The Consolidated Revenue Account reflects the ACOP accounting requirements as they relate to FRS 17 - Retirement Benefits.

Included within the net cost of services are the following pension costs:

2002/03 £000 % of Payroll		2003/04 £000 % 0	
2,215	12.9 Service Cost	2,450	12.9
192	1.1 Past Service Costs	309	1.6
0	0.0 Curtailment and Settlements	0	0.0
0	0.0 Decrease in irrecoverable surplus	0	0.0
2,407	14.0 Total Operating Charge	2,759	14.5

In arriving at the net operating expenditure further provision has been made in respect of:

2,280	13.3 Net Revenue Account Cost	3,827	20.2
127	0.7 Net return on assets	(1,068)	(5.7)
(3,548)	(20.7) Interest on Pension Scheme Liabilities	(3,982)	(21.0)
3,675	21.4 Expected Return on Corporate Assets	2,914	15.3

Included in the appropriation section of the consolidated revenue account is a transfer of £588K from the pension reserve. The net effect of these accounting entries is that expenditure met from government grants and local taxation equals the actual employers contributions made to the Scheme of £2780K, representing 14.9% of pensionable pay.

The employer's contribution rate is determined by the Fund's Actuary based on triennial actuarial valuations, the last review being 31 March 2002. Under Superannuation Fund Regulations contributions rates are set to meet the overall liabilities of the Fund. The employer's rates are set to meet the overall liabilities of the Fund. The employer's contribution was 250% of the employee's contribution for 2003/04.

In addition the Islands Council is responsible for all pension payments relating to added years benefits it has awarded, together with the related increases. In 2003/04 these amounted to £276,860 representing 1.27% of pensionable pay.

For further information see the Pension Fund Statement on pages 35-38.

Teachers

In 2003/04 the Islands Council paid an employer's contribution of £982,499 to the Scottish Executive in respect of teachers' pension costs, which represented 10.53% of teachers' pensionable pay. The contribution rate was 7.4% to September 2003 and thereafter 12.5% to 31 March 2004.

In addition, the Islands Council is responsible for all pension payments relating to added years it has awarded, together with related increases. In 2003/04 these amounted to £185,209 representing 2% of pensionable pay.

8. Related Party Transactions

During the year transactions with related parties arose as follows:

2002/03 Receipts £000	2002/03 Payments £000		2003/04 Receipts £000	2003/04 Payments £000
37,408	_	Central Government Revenue Grants	41,405	_
57,100		Being payments made in support of Revenue Expenditure	11,100	
8,333	-	Capital Grants Being payments made in support of Capital Expenditure	2,932	-
-	2,563	Orkney Towage Company Limited Being payments for the provision of Towage Services	-	2,466
-	4,060	Orkney Ferries Limited Being subsidy payments made in support of Ferry Services	-	4,388
-	1,225	Northern Police Joint Board	-	1,359
-	968	Highlands and Islands Fire Joint Board	-	1,049
-	229	Orkney and Shetland Valuation Joint Board Being payment of annual requisition to Joint Boards	-	238
17	43	Chief Officials Being advances and repayments of Car Loans	20	21
-	2,742	Orkney Islands Pension Fund Being payment of employers contributions in respect of employees	-	3,240

9. Members' Allowances and Officers' Emoluments

The total of Members' Allowances paid in the year amounted to £386,831.

An analysis of employees' remuneration (excluding pension costs) above £40,000, in bands of £10,000 is as follows:

2002/03		2003/04
Number of	Remuneration	Number of
Employees	Band	Employees
33	£40,000 - £49,999	45
12	£50,000 - £59,999	17
6	£60,000 - £69,999	1
1	£70,000 - £79,999	6
	£80,000 - £89,999	1

HARBOUR AUTHORITY SUMMARY ACCOUNT

This statement shows the trading position of the Harbour Authority and net movements in reserves for the year.

Restated 2002/03				2003/04
Net		Gross		Net
Expenditure		Expenditure	Income	Expenditure
£000		£000	£000	£000
(1,669)	Scapa Flow Oil Port	6,626	6,922	(296)
2,675	Miscellaneous Piers and Harbours	2,726	2,722	4
(90)	Oil Pollution Account	146	211	(65)
916	(Profit)/Loss for year	9,498	9,855	(357)
(3,014)	Adjustments for Capital Financing C Pensions Interest Cost and Expected			(336)
(10)	Return on Pension Assets	L		83
34	Transfer to Pension Reserve			(23)
(2,074)				(633)
(-,)				
	Represented by :	Balance at	Net	Balance at
		01/04/03	Movement	31/03/04
		£000	£000	£000
	Strategic Reserve Fund	108,279	9,947	118,226
	Flotta Terminal Decline &			
	Decommissioning Fund	42,000	-	42,000
	Relevant Services Contingency	21,092	(741)	20,351
	Conservation Fund	167	6	173
	Talented Performers Fund	49	-	49
	Travel Fund	74	3	77
	Talented Young Persons Fund	43	(1)	42
	TOTAL	171,704	9,214	180,918

Notes

- 1. The net movement on the Harbour Authority includes the trading profit on the Harbour Authority Revenue Account of £0.633M and a surplus generated on investment activities, of £8.581M after netting off grants and other non investment expenditure.
- **2.** A contribution from the Harbour Funds to finance revenue and capital expenditure during the year was made as follows:-

2002/03		2003/04
£000		£000
	Revenue Expenditure	
47	Relevant Services Contingency Fund	483
	Capital Expenditure	
1,200	Relevant Services Contingency Fund	1,000
1,835	Strategic Reserve Fund	4,849
3,082	Total	6,332

ORKNEY COLLEGE OF FURTHER EDUCATION

The Islands Council maintains accounting records on behalf of the Orkney College. The College is funded by direct grants from the Scottish Further Education Funding Council.

Restated			
2002/03			2003/04
£000		£000	£000
	Expenditure		
1,550	Staff Costs		1,712
184	Property Costs		224
428	Supplies & Services		519
48	Transport Costs		51
74	Administration Costs		75
18	Apportioned Costs		22
624	Capital Charges		430
2,926			3,033
	Income		
1.000	Income		2.000
1,866	Grants		2,098
430	Fees & Charges		470
157	Other Income		101
473	Deficit/(Surplus) for Year		364
2,926			3,033
(257)	Orkney College Reserve 1 April 2003		(479)
(473)	Deficit for year	(364)	
284	Adjust for Capital Financing Costs	307	
	Pensions Interest Cost and Expected		
6	Return on Pension Assets	(53)	
(39)	Transfer to Pension Reserve	(2)	
(222)	Transfer to Reserves		(112)
(479)	Orkney College Reserve 31 March 2004		(591)

HOUSING REVENUE ACCOUNT

This account reflects the statutory requirement to account for Local Authority housing provision, as defined in the Housing (Scotland) Act 1987. It summarises the main elements of housing revenue expenditure and capital financing costs, and shows how these costs are met by rents, housing support grant and other income.

Restated		
2002/03		2003/04
£000		£000
-	Housing Support grant	-
1,735	Dwelling Rents(gross)	1,698
22	Non-Dwelling Rents(gross)	21
104	Other Income	82
1,861	TOTAL INCOME	1,801
593	Repairs and Maintenance	520
409	Supervision and Management	434
785	Capital Finance Costs	707
31	Bad Debts and voids	30
49	Other Expenditure	101
	Pensions Interest Cost and Expected	
(1)	Return on Pension Assets	14
(5)	Transfer to Pension Reserve	(5)
1,861	TOTAL EXPENDITURE	1,801
-	(Surplus)/Deficit for Year	-
-	(Surplus)/Deficit from Previous Years	-
-	Accumulated (Surplus)/Deficit	-

Housing Revenue Account Notes

1. Housing Stock

The numbers and types of dwellings included in the Council's Housing Stock as at 31 March 2004 are as follows:

2002/03 Number of Dwellings		2003/04 Number of Dwellings
52	1 Apartment	51
302	2 Apartment	292
267	3 Apartment	251
235	4 Apartment	224
14	5 Apartment	14
870		832

2. Rent Arrears

2002/03		2003/04
£52,958	Dwelling Arrears	£56,209
£29,538	Non Dwelling & Other Arrears	£20,581
£82,496		£76,790
148	Number of Tenants in Arrears	171

3. Provision for Bad Debts

2002/03		2003/04
£25,785	Dwelling Arrears	£30,902
£13,862	Non Dwelling & Other Arrears	£17,068
£39,647		£47,970

4. Reconciliation to Consolidated Revenue Account

The reconciliation of the HRA to the Consolidated Revenue Account is as follows:-

2002/03 £000		2003/04 £000
-	Net Expenditure	-
	Less:	
273	Loan Charges	444
512	CFCR	263
273	Add: Capital Charges	444
(512)	Net Cost of Service	(263)
512	Add: CFCR	263
-	Transferred to HRA Balances	-

COUNCIL TAX INCOME ACCOUNT

This account shows the net income raised from the Council Tax levied under the Local Government Finance Act 1992.

2002/03		2003/04
£000		£000
6,894	Gross Council Tax Levied	6,123
1,226	Less Relieved, Remitted and Written Off	(141)
5,668	Net Council Tax Due for Year	6,264
45	Provision for Bad Debts	4
58	Less Council Tax Benefit (Net of	31
	Government Grants)	
5,565	Net Council Tax Income	6,229
	Adjustment for previous years:	
8	Council Tax	3
1	Community Charge	1
5,574	Transfers to General Fund	6,233

Notes

1. Calculation of Council Tax Base

	Bands									
	@	\mathbf{A}	В	C	D	E	F	G	H	Total
Number of Dwellings	-	3,064	2,647	1,853	1,360	832	164	16	2	9,938
Exemption	-	(558)	(103)	(63)	(16)	(10)	(4)	-	-	(754)
Disabled Relief	9	13	(2)	(3)	(3)	(12)	(2)	-	-	-
Discounts (25%)	(1)	(295)	(240)	(126)	(70)	(26)	(5)	(1)	-	(764)
Discounts (50%)	-	(194)	(84)	(51)	(23)	(8)	(2)	(1)	-	(363)
Equivalent Dwellings	8	2,030	2,218	1,610	1,248	776	151	14	2	8,057
Ratio	5/9	6/9	7/9	8/9	9/9	11/9	13/9	15/9	18/9	
Band D Equivalents	4	1,353	1,725	1,431	1,248	948	218	23	4	6,954
Less provision for non-co	ollection									(274)
Council Tax Base										6,680

[@] denotes additional relief for disabled persons occupying Band A properties.

Council Tax is payable on any domestic dwelling which is not exempted by the Secretary of State. The amount of Council Tax payable depends on the valuation band into which the property falls, and the number of people aged 18 or over using the property as their sole or main residence. The Council Tax is set to cover the cost of Council Services, net of fees and charges, grants received, and non-domestic rates.

In addition water and sewerage charges are collected by the Islands Council on behalf of Scottish Water. These charges are not accounted for on the Council Tax Income Account.

2. Details of Charges Levied

2002/03	2003/04	
£	£	
824.00 Council Tax - Band D - General Rate	900.00	

Council Tax Charges for 2003/2004

Dand	Duomontes Volus	Proportion of Band D	Council
Band	Property Value	of Band D	Tax
			£
		- 10	
Α	Up to £27,000	6/9	600.00
В	£27,000 to £35,000	7/9	700.00
C	£35,000 to £45,000	8/9	800.00
D	£45,000 to £58,000	9/9	900.00
E	£58,000 to £80,000	11/9	1,100.00
F	£80,000 to £106,000	13/9	1,300.00
G	£106,000 to £212,000	15/9	1,500.00
Н	Above £212,000	18/9	1,800.00

The above table shows the Council Tax Charges due for 2003/04 on a domestic dwelling with an unmetered public water supply, based on two or more people aged 18 years or over resident in the property before any exemption, discounts or relief is applied.

Generally, exemptions apply to properties which are unfurnished and unoccupied, or where a person is in long term care or the property is occupied by students. Discounts apply where fewer than two people aged 18 years or over are resident in the property, or where a person is disabled. Properties which have been adapted for the disabled or are used for charitable purposes are also eligible for relief.

However, exemptions, discounts and relief against the Council Tax can only be obtained by application to the Council.

3. Residual Community Charge Income

During the year Community Charge arrears were collected as follows:

2002/03		2003/04
£000		£000
2	Reduction in Provision for Bad Debts	1
-	Less Written Off	(1)
1	Less Cost of Collection	1
1	Net Community Charge Income	1

4. Arrears of Council Tax and Community Charge

31-Mar-03 £		31-Mar-04 £	
459,667	Council Tax Arrears	515,392	
6,271	Community Charge Arrears	5,857	

NON DOMESTIC RATES INCOME ACCOUNT

This account shows the income from the rate levied under the Local Government (Scotland) Act 1975 as amended by the Local Government Finance Act 1992 on non domestic property.

2002/03 £000		2003/04 £000
7,462	Gross Rates Levied and Contributions in Lieu	7,371
706	Less Relieved, Remitted and Written Off	954
2	Interest on Overpaid Rates	10
9	Provision for Bad Debt	(2)
6,745	Net Non Domestic Rates Income	6,409
-	Adjustment for years prior to introduction of national non-domestic rate pool	
6,745	Contribution to national non-domestic rate pool	6,409

Notes

1. Rateable Values and Number of Premises as at 1 April 2003

Number of	Rateable Value		Number of	Rateable Value
Subjects	01-Apr-02 £000		Subjects	01-Apr-03 £000
136	6,368	Industrial & Freight Subjects	106	6,094
6	1,247	Public Utilities	7	842
		Commercial Subjects:		
265	1,256	Shops	259	1,257
147	1,016	Offices	154	1,059
201	790	Hotels, Boarding Houses etc.	153	225
555	2,658	Other	656	3,296
1,310	13,335		1,335	12,773
476	3,448	Miscellaneous	473	3,642
1,786	16,783	TOTAL	1,808	16,415

2. Non Domestic Rate Poundage

2002/03	2003/04
47.8p Property Rate	47.8p

Non Domestic Rates are levied by the Islands Council on local Commercial and Industrial properties. The rate is, however, set by Central Government.

3. Non Domestic Rates Arrears

31-Mar-03		31-Mar-04
£		£
80,200	Arrears of Non Domestic Rates	35,930

4. Contribution to National NDR Pool

2002/03 £000	2003/04 £000
6,984 Provisional Contributable Amount (239) Difference from Notified Amount	6,807 (398)
6.745 Contribution to National NDR Pool	6,409

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31st MARCH 2004

Restated 31-Mar-03 £000		Notes	31-Mar-04 £000
2000	Fixed Assets	1	2000
	Operational Assets	_	
15,687	Council Dwellings		16,345
86,441	Other Land and Buildings		89,285
4,993	Vehicles and Plant		4,297
68,439	Infrastructure		73,160
3,153	Community Assets		3,285
	Non Operational Assets		9,121
187,540	Total Fixed Assets		195,493
138,615	Long Term Investments	7	155,996
4,930	Long Term Debtors	3	4,088
331,085	TOTAL LONG TERM ASSETS		355,577
	Current Assets		
792	Stocks and Work in Progress	4	752
7,717	Debtors		6,094
6	Cash in Hand		6
*	Investments	7	5,450
20,227			12,302
	Less Current Liabilities		
,	Creditors		3,479
,	Bank Overdraft		2,052
4,127	Advances from Other Accounts		6,098
9,121			11,629
342,191	TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		356,250
-	Loan Debt		-
	Net Pension Liability		10,674
321,755	TOTAL ASSETS LESS LIABILITIES	8	345,576
	REPRESENTED BY:		
116,013	Capital Reserves Fixed Asset Restatement Reserve		113,787
2,353	Capital Financing Reserve		5,952
729	Usable Capital Receipts		865
39,139	Government Grants Deferred		41,571
1,526	Capital Fund		1,551
159,760			163,726
ŕ	Revenue Reserves		ŕ
2,441	General Fund Balances		3,437
171,704	Harbour Authority Fund		180,918
(20,436)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		(10,674)
2,284	DSO Fund		
6,002	Repairs and Renewals Fund		8,169
161,995			181,850
321,755	TOTAL EQUITY		345,576

A TAIT, C.P.F.A., F.C.C.A. Director of Finance 29 June 2004

Notes on the Consolidated Balance Sheet

1. Fixed Assets

The following represents an analysis of fixed assets owned by the Islands Council as at 31 March 2004.

Number of Items 2002/03			Number of Items 2003/04
870	Council Dwellings	Council Dwellings	832
1	Operational Buildings	Concert Halls & Theatres	1
42		Other Housing Properties	44
82		Depots & Workshops	82
2		Museums	2
11		Community/Day Centres	11
2		Sports Centres & Pools	2
2		Libraries	2
29		Schools	29
9		Office Buildings	9
3		Parks & Amenity Properties	3
		Miscellaneous:	
37		Public Conveniences	37
10		Refuse Sites	10
2		Quarries	2
16	Infrastructure	Sea Defences	16
977		Roads (Kilometres)	978
55		Piers & Harbours	56
9		Airfields	9
24		Car Parks	24
41	Community Assets	Cemeteries	41
21		Historic Buildings/Monuments	21
12		Parks	12
6	Operational Equipment	Computers	6
194		Mechanical Plant	203
219		Vehicles	237
78		Other Equipment	79
13		Ferries	13
22	Non Operational Property	-	38
96		Commercial Property	96
6		Land Awaiting Development	6
7		Assets Under Construction	6
2,898	TOTAL		2,907

Fixed Asset Transactions

All expenditure on the acquisition, creation or enhancement of fixed assets have been capitalised on an accruals basis.

The following statement shows the movements in fixed assets during the year:

	Council Dwellings	Other Land & Buildings	Plant and Vehicles	Infrastructure	Community	Non Operational	Total
	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	€000	£000
Net book value of assets at 01/04/03	15,687	86,441	4,993	68,439	3,153	8,827	187,540
Movement in 2003/04							
Additions	680	4,635	1,778	8,152	200	2,847	18,292
Disposals	(681)	-	-	-	-	(429)	(1,110)
Revaluations	1,270	(2,258)	(725)	-		597	(1,116)
Reclassifications	-	3,571	-	(1,000)	-	(2,571)	-
Depreciation	(611)	(3,104)	(1,749)	(2,431)	(68)	(150)	(8,113)
Impairments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net book value of assets at 31/03/04	16,345	89,285	4,297	73,160	3,285	9,121	195,493

Assets to the value of £24K are held on behalf of the Community Councils.

1(a) Valuation of Fixed assets carried at current value

The following statement shows the progress of the Council's rolling programme for the revaluation of fixed assets. The valuations were carried out by the Orkney Islands Council's Technical Services Department, by a Chartered Surveyor and Associate Member of the RICS. The basis for valuation is set out in the statement of accounting policies.

	Council Dwellings	Other Land & Buildings	Plant and Vehicles	Infrastructure	Community	Non Operational	Total
	£000	£000	O	£000	£000	£000	£000
Valued at historic cost	-	-	4,297	73,160	3,285	-	80,742
Valued at Current Value in:							
31 March 2004	16,345	10,369	-	-	-	5,747	32,461
31 March 2003	-	8,770	-	-	-	3,374	12,144
31 March 2002	-	2,412	-	-	-	-	2,412
31 March 2001	-	17,165	-	-	-	-	17,165
31 March 2000	-	50,569	-	-	-	-	50,569
Total	16,345	89,285	4,297	73,160	3,285	9,121	195,493

The authority is not aware of any material change in asset values since the last valuation.

The value of assets employed as at 31 March 2004 are analysed as follows:

2002/03 £000		2003/04 £000
2000		2000
110,698	General Fund	112,123
51,113	Harbour Fund	57,181
16,263	Housing Revenue Account	16,514
1,452	Direct Services Organisations	1,712
7,425	Orkney College	7,252
571	Quarries	638
18	Waste Disposal	73
187,540	Total Assets Employed	195,493

1(b) Comparison with Section 94 consents

Capital expenditure must not exceed the sum of capital consents issued by the Secretary of State for Scotland, capital receipts from the disposal of assets, European Union grants and Capital Financed from Current Revenue (CFCR).

	Progra		
	Composite £000	Housing £000	Total £000
Allocation as Applied for 2003/04	10,676	235	10,911
Enhanced by Capital Receipts and Revenue Contributions	10,677	457	11,134
Total Section 94 Consents Available	21,353	692	22,045
Total Capital Payments for 2003/04	21,340	690	22,030
Underspend Carried Forward to 2004/05	13	2	15
Reconciliation of Capital Payments			
Capital Payments	21,340	690	22,030
Adjusted for:			
Reserve Fund Lending	(2,636)	-	(2,636)
Car Loans	(145)	-	(145)
Scapa Flow Oil Port	23	-	23
Sundry Creditors	103	3	106
TOTAL CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	18,685	693	19,378
Represented by			
Fixed Assets			18,292
Deferred Charges			1,069
Long Term Debtors			17
			19,378

1(c) Sources of Finance for Fixed Assets acquired

The following statement shows how capital expenditure in the year has been financed. The total of fixed asset and deferred charge expenditure in the year should match the sum of the individual sources of finance.

2002/03		2003/04
£000		£000
7,517	Loans	6,172
748	Capital Receipts	477
12,119	Grant Receipts	4,222
5,320	CFCR	7,605
306	Other Income	902
26,010		19,378

1(d) Commitments under Capital Contracts

The following significant contracts for capital investment have been entered into by the Islands Council and extend beyond the 31 March 2004:

Project Name	Purpose	Approximate Value £000	Anticipated Completion
One Stop Shop	Office Accommodation	122	Apr-2004
Hoy Outdoor Centre	Upgrade & Extension	543	Sep-2004
Shapinsay School	Upgrade	163	Jun-2004
West Mainland Care Home	Residential Care	2,593	Dec-2004
Stromness Travel Centre	Upgrade & Extension	207	Jul-2004
Westray B9066	Road Improvements	347	Aug-2004
Scapa Pier	Improvements	837	Oct-2004
Kirkwall & Stromness Harbour	Marina's	1,939	Mar-2005

2. Deferred Charges

Deferred charges represent capital expenditure for which no tangible asset exists. As deferred charges do not reflect continuing benefit to the Islands Council they are amortised in full in the year the expenditure is incurred.

	Balance as at	Expenditure	Amortised Balance as at	
	01-Apr-03 £000	in Year £000	in Year £000	31-Mar-04 £000
Improvement Grants	-	379	379	-
Other	-	690	690	-
Total	-	1,069	1,069	-

3. Long Term Debtors

Long Term Debtors include Housing Loans and Car Loans which are repayable to the Islands Council.

2002/03 £000		2003/04 £000
465	Housing Loans	400
330	Car Loans	288
4,031	Harbours	3,297
104	Others	103
4,930		4,088

4. Stocks and Work in Progress

2002/03		2003/04
£000		£000
	Stocks	
160	General Fund	138
103	Quarries	98
195	Harbours	190
183	Orkney Direct	164
151	DLO Vehicle Maintenance	147
792		737
	Work in Progress	
-	Orkney Direct	15

5. Debtors

Debtors are shown net of bad debt provision, and represents the net amount due to the Council as at 31 March 2004.

The Islands Council provides for any bad or doubtful debts at the end of each financial year, based on the age of debtors outstanding. At 31 March 2004 the Bad Debt Provision has increased from £897,000 to £952,000 being a increase of £55,000 on the year.

6. Loan Debt

Long Term

The Islands Council has no long term debt as at 31 March 2004.

Short Term

2003/04		2002/03
€000		£000
2,052	Bank Overdraft	1,641

7. Investments

The investments shown in the Consolidated Balance Sheet consist of a number of individual funds, each valued at the lower of cost or market value. The following is a summary of the investments held by the Islands Council as at 31 March 2004:

Lower of	Market	Investments	Lower of	Market
Cost &	Value		Cost &	Value
Market			Market	
Value			Value	
2002/03	2002/03		2003/04	2003/04
£000	£000		£000	£000
		Long Term		
116,630	116,630	Bonds and Equities	127,787	128,221
7,109	7,109	Land and Buildings	11,998	11,998
672	672	Private Companies	672	672
511	511	Fishing Quota	348	348
12,766	12,766	Cash Deposits	14,265	14,265
927	927	Miscellaneous	926	926
138,615	138,615		155,996	156,430
		Short Term		
11,712	11,712	Cash Deposits	5,450	5,450

The Islands Council has controlling interest in the following private limited companies:

2002/03	Orkney Towage	Weyland	Orkney	Orkney
	Company Ltd	Farms Ltd	Ferries Ltd	Meat Ltd
Principal Activity	Tug	Mixed	Sea	Meat
	Operation	Farming	Transport	Processing
Shares Held	75%	100%	100%	38%
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Investments Less Provision	n 1	510	-	61
Net Assets	714	125	31	1,063
Profit / (Loss) After Tax	(228)	(27)		(3)
Profit / (Loss) Before Tax	(349)	(27)		(6)
2001/02				
Net Assets	941	152	31	1,066
Profit / (Loss) After Tax	(675)	(8)		222
Profit / (Loss) Before Tax	(675)	(8)		276

The Profit or Loss after Tax is the figure shown in the latest set of audited accounts.

The appointed auditors for the above companies report that in their opinions the accounts give a true and fair view of the state of each company's affairs, and that no qualifications have been necessary.

A dividend of £8,164 was received during the year on the Ordinary Share Holding in Orkney Meat Limited. No dividends were received from any other of the above companies.

The Islands Council has provided in full against a diminution in the value of its £7,498,000 investment in Orkney Ferries Limited.

At the 31 March 2004 the Islands Council's Reserve Fund loan to Weyland Farms Limited stood at £92,260, a decrease of £27,220 on the year. The Loan Balance has been provided for in full. The Islands Council is committed to ensure an orderly winding up of the Company should it cease trading and will ensure that all bona fide creditors are paid in full.

Copies of the companies' audited accounts are available for inspection from the Director of Finance.

8. Net Assets Employed

The value of net assets employed as at 31 March 2004 are analysed as follows:

2002/03		2003/04
£000		£000
75,562	General Fund	84,947
221,221	Harbour Fund	237,266
15,989	Housing Revenue Account	16,371
3,736	Direct Service Organisations	1,712
4,324	Orkney College	4,569
765	Quarries	638
158	Waste Disposal	73
321,755		345,576

9. Description of Reserves

The Fixed Asset Restatement Reserve accounts for any surpluses or deficits arising from the revaluation or disposal of fixed assets.

The Capital Financing Reserve records all the transactions relating to the financing of capital expenditure, such as Capital Receipts Applied, Capital Receipts Set Aside and Capital Financed from Current Revenue. It also records the difference between loans fund principal charges and the amount of depreciation provided for in the Consolidated Revenue Account.

The Usable Capital Receipts reserve records all capital receipts generated and applied to finance capital expenditure. The balance in this reserve is available to finance future capital expenditure.

Government Grants Deferred arise where the acquisition of a fixed asset is financed wholly or in part by a government grant, the amount of the grant should be credited to the government grants - deferred account, and written-off over the useful life of the asset matching the depreciation of the asset to which it relates. The balance of deferred grants carried forward has been written down in respect of assets no longer held by the Islands Council.

A Capital Fund is maintained in terms of Schedule 3 of the Local Government (Scotland) Act 1975.

The Housing Revenue Account balances represent accumulated surpluses generated on the housing revenue account. These funds are ring fenced as required under the Housing (Scotland) Act 1987.

The Harbour Fund represents the balance of accumulated funds generated on harbour operations and held by the Islands Council as a Harbour Authority.

In accordance with the Local Government in Scotland Act the Trading Organisations' Reserves have been transferred during the year to the General Fund.

Repairs and Renewals funds are maintained for the purpose of providing for the replacement of plant and vehicles on the General Fund of the Islands Council.

The General Fund balance as at 31 March 2004 represents the surplus on General Fund Services after crediting all income due and debiting the cost of providing the appropriate services, and after taking account of transfers from Reserves. Included in this balance are the following funds:-

Community Councils Fund of £175K being the balance of the accumulated fund held on behalf of the Community Councils as at 31 March 2004.

The DSM Fund of £35K represents the balance of the funds held on behalf of the schools under the Devolved School Management Scheme as at 31 March 2004. The DSM funds are committed solely to the Education Service and are not available for use by other services.

The Orkney College deficit of £591,000 represents the balance of College losses as at 31 March 2004.

The Pension Reserve recognises that a net pension liability exists in terms of the Islands Councils obligation to fund the employees defined benefits pension scheme.

10. European Single Currency

The Council is required to disclose certain information in connection with the possible entry to the European Single Currency.

As at 31 March 2004 no commitments in respect of costs associated with the Euro had been made, no exceptional expenditure had been incurred and it was not possible to forecast the total costs likely to be incurred.

11. Retirement Benefits

In accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard No.17 - Retirement Benefits (FRS 17), the Council is required to disclose certain information concerning assets, liabilities, income and expenditure related to the pension schemes for its employees. As explained in the Accounting Policies the Council participates in two formal schemes, the Local Government Superannuation Scheme, which is administered by the Orkney Islands Council Pension Fund and the Teachers Scheme. The Council is not required to record information related to the Teachers Scheme as the liability for payment of pensions rests ultimately with the Scottish Executive.

The Pension Fund assets attributable to the Orkney Islands Council are valued at fair value, principally market value for investments, and are analysed as follows:

As at			As at			
31 March 2003			31 March 2004			
Total Pension	OIC Pension	Expected		Total Pension	OIC Pension	Expected
Fund Assets	Assets	Return		Fund Assets	Assets	Return
£000	£000	% p.a.		£000	£000	% p.a.
34,105	32,177	8.0	Equities	45,394	44,305	7.7
9,130	8,614	4.8	Bonds	10,050	9,809	5.1
-	0	6.0	Property	-	0	6.5
3,638	3,432	4.0	Cash	5,270	5,144	4.0
46,873	44,223	7.1	Total	60,714	59,258	7.0

The net pension liability attributable to the Orkney Islands Council are as follows:

As at		As at
31 March 2003	3	31 March 2004
£000		£000
44,223	Estimated Assets	59,258
59,141	Present Value of Scheme Liabilities	64,219
5,518	Present Value of Unfunded Liabilities	5,713
64,659	Total Value of Liabilities	69,932
(20,436)	Net Pension Asset / (Liability)	(10,674)

Local government legislation provides that local authorities have an obligation to meet the expenditure of the Joint Boards where they are constituent members. As a consequence Orkney Islands Council has additional liabilities arising from the pension deficits of the following bodies:

Highlands and Islands Fire Joint Board Northern Police Joint Board Orkney and Shetland Valuation Joint Board

Further information regarding these deficits can be found in the annual report and accounts of the relevant bodies.

Liabilities are valued on an actuarial basis using the projected unit method which assesses the future liabilities of the fund discounted at their present value. The valuations are based on a valuation as of 31 March 2002 and updated for the following three years by Hymans Robertson the independent actuaries to the Orkney Islands Council Pension Fund. The main assumptions used in the calculation are as follows:

2002/03		2003/04
%		%
2.5	Price Increases	2.9
4.0	Salary Increases	4.4
2.5	Pension Increases	2.9
6.1	Rate used to discount scheme liabilities	6.5

The actuarial valuation considers the appropriate employers rates and this together with the revenues generated from the investments will be utilised to meet the funds commitments.

The movement in the Councils pension fund liability during the year is as follows:

2002/03 £000	2003/04 £000
(2,486) Surplus/(Deficit) at beginning of year	(20,436)
(2,214) Current Service Cost	(2,450)
2,346 Employer Contributions	2,761
0 Contributions in respect of Unfunded Benefits	479
0 Other Income	0
0 Other Outgoings (e.g. expenses etc.)	0
(192) Past service costs	(309)
0 Impact of settlements and curtailments	0
126 Net return on assets	(1,069)
(18,016) Actuarial gains/(losses)	10,350
(20,436) Surplus/(deficit) at end of year	(10,674)

The following is a history of the gains and losses:

2002/03		2003/04
£000		£000
(12,902)	Difference between the expected and actual return on assets	10,385
44,223	Value of assets	59,258
(29.2%)	Percentage of assets	17.5%
(5,114)	Experience gains/(losses) on liabilities	(35)
59,141	Present value of liabilities	69,933
(8.6%)	Percentage of the present value of liabilities	(0.1%)
18,016	Actuarial gains/(losses)	10,350
59,141	Present value of liabilities	69,933
(30.5%)	Percentage of the present value of liabilities	14.8%

Additional disclosures in respect of Pensions are included in the notes to the Consolidated Revenue Account and the Statement of Total Movements in Reserves

For further information on the Orkney Islands Council Pension Fund see pages 35-38.

STATEMENT OF TOTAL MOVEMENT IN RESERVES

This statement represents a summary of all gains and losses for the Authority during the financial year, and identifies those which have been recognised in the Consolidated Revenue Account. The statement further separates the movements between revenue and capital reserves.

Restated 2002/03			2003/04
£000			£000
	Surplus/(Deficit) for year		
(128)	General Fund		996
-	Housing Revenue Account		-
	Add back Movements on specific revenue reserves		9,097
	Deduct Appropriation from pensions reserve		(588)
(18,016)	Actuarial gains and (losses) relating to pensions		10,350
(16,377)	Total Increase / (Decrease) in revenue resources		19,855
117	Increase / (Decrease) in useable capital receipts	136	
-	Increase / (Decrease) in unapplied capital grants and contributions	-	
117	Total Increase / (Decrease) in realised capital resources (note 1)		136
(2,469)	Gains / (Losses) on revaluation of fixed assets Impairment losses on fixed assets due to general changes in prices	(1,116)	
(2,469)	Total Increase / (Decrease) in unrealised value of fixed assets (note 2)		(1,116)
(471)	Value of assets sold, disposed of or decommissioned (note 3)		(1,110)
2.846	Capital receipt set aside	1,942	
	Revenue resources set aside	1,657	
11,306		2,432	
12,879	Total Increase / (Decrease) in amounts set aside to finance capital investment (note 4)		6,031
	Specific Capital Reserves		
(108)	Capital Fund - Movement		25
(6,429)	Total recognised gains and losses		23,821

Notes to the Statement of Total Movements in Reserves

1. Movements in realised capital resources

U	Receipts 2002/03		Usable Capital Receipts 2003/04 £000
	590	Amounts receivable in 2003/04	948
	(473)	Amounts applied to finance new capital investments in 2003/04	(812)
	117	Total increase / (Decrease) in realised capital resources in 2003/04	136
	612	Balance brought forward at 1 April 2003	729
	729	Balance carried forward at 31 March 2004	865
2.	Movements in	n unrealised value of fixed assets	
	Fixed asset restatement reserve 2002/03 £000		Fixed asset restatement reserve 2003/04 £000
	(2,469)	Gains / (losses) on revaluation of fixed assets in 2003/04 Impairment losses on fixed assets due to general changes in prices 2003/04	(1,116)
	(2,469)	Total increase / (decrease) in unrealised value of fixed assets	s (1,116)
3.	Value of asset	ts sold, disposed of or decommissioned	
	2002/03 £000		2003/04 £000
	(471)	Amounts written off fixed asset balances for disposals in 2003/04	(1,110)
	(2,940)	Total movement on reserve in 2003/04	(2,226)
	118,953	Balance brought forward at 1 April 2003	116,013
	116,013	Balance carried forward at 31 March 2004	113,787

4. Movements in amounts set aside to finance capital investment

2002/03 £000		Capital Financing Reserve £000	Gov'mt Grants Deferred £000	Total 2003/04 £000
	Capital receipts set aside in 2003/04			
2,693	- reserved receipts	1,703		
153	- useable receipts applied	239		
2,846	Total capital receipts set aside in 2003/04	1,942		1,942
5,320	Revenue resources set aside in 2003/04 - capital expenditure financed from revenue	6,915		
- ,	- reconciling amount for provisions for loan			
(6,593)	repayment	(5,258)		
(1,273)	Total revenue resources set aside in 2003/04	1,657		1,657
12,667	Grants applied to capital investment in 2003/04 Amounts credited to the asset management		3,837	
(1,361)	_		(1,405)	
11,306	Movement on Government Grants Deferred		2,432	2,432
12,879	Total Increase / (Decrease) in amounts set aside to finance capital investments			6,031
	Total movement on reserve in 2003/04	3,599	2,432	
	Balance brought forward at 1 April 2003	2,353	39,139	
	Balance carried forward at 31 March 2004	5,952	41,571	

5. Analysis of actuarial gains and losses recognised in the Pension Reserve

2002/03	2003/04
£000	£000
(12,902) Actual Return less expected return on pension scheme assets	10,385
(5,113) Experience gains and losses arising on scheme liabilities	(35)
(1) Changes in financial assumptions underlying the present value	0
of scheme liabilities	
(18,016) Actuarial gain/(loss) in pension plan	10,350

The adoption of FRS 17 Retirement Benefits represents a change in accounting policy which is accounted for as a prior year adjustment, and results in the creation of a pension reserve of £20,436k as at 31 March 2003.

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2004

2002/03			2003/04
£000	Revenue Activities	£000	£000
2000	Cash Outflows	2000	2000
36,893	Cash paid to and on behalf of Employees	43,963	
23,949	Other Operating Payments	16,092	
460	Housing Benefit Payments	439	
7,012	NDR Payments to Pool	6,807	
1,598	Precepts Paid	1,581	
69,912	Total Payments	68,882	
	Cash Inflows		
782	Rents (after Rebate)	744	
6,701	Council Tax Income	7,236	
1	Community Charge Income	1	
6,544	NDR Receipts from Pool	6,848	
6,706	Non Domestic Rates receipts	6,422	
37,609	Revenue Support Grant	40,996	
2,375	DWP Grant for Benefits	2,539	
	Other Government Grants	4,555	
6,193	Cash received for Goods and Services	4,458	
71,101	Total Receipts	73,799	
1,189	Net Cash Inflows from Revenue Activities		4,917
	Returns on Investments and Servicing of Finance		
	Cash Outflows		
123	Interest Paid	153	
123	Total Payments	153	
	Cash Inflows		
903	Interest Received	271	
703	Interest received	2/1	
903	Total Receints	271	
903	Total Receipts	271	110
903 780	Total Receipts Net Cash Inflow from Investments and Servicing of F		118
	Net Cash Inflow from Investments and Servicing of F		118
	-		118
	Net Cash Inflow from Investments and Servicing of F Capital Activities		118
780 24,711 531	Net Cash Inflow from Investments and Servicing of F Capital Activities Cash Outflows Purchase of Fixed Assets Purchase of Long Term Investments	18,186 2,365	118
780 24,711 531 1,636	Net Cash Inflow from Investments and Servicing of F Capital Activities Cash Outflows Purchase of Fixed Assets Purchase of Long Term Investments Other Capital Payments	18,186 2,365 1,502	118
780 24,711 531	Net Cash Inflow from Investments and Servicing of F Capital Activities Cash Outflows Purchase of Fixed Assets Purchase of Long Term Investments	18,186 2,365	118
780 24,711 531 1,636	Net Cash Inflow from Investments and Servicing of F Capital Activities Cash Outflows Purchase of Fixed Assets Purchase of Long Term Investments Other Capital Payments	18,186 2,365 1,502	118
780 24,711 531 1,636	Net Cash Inflow from Investments and Servicing of F Capital Activities Cash Outflows Purchase of Fixed Assets Purchase of Long Term Investments Other Capital Payments Total Payments	18,186 2,365 1,502	118
780 24,711 531 1,636 26,878	Net Cash Inflow from Investments and Servicing of F Capital Activities Cash Outflows Purchase of Fixed Assets Purchase of Long Term Investments Other Capital Payments Total Payments Cash Inflows	18,186 2,365 1,502 22,053	118
780 24,711 531 1,636 26,878 515 11,469 188	Net Cash Inflow from Investments and Servicing of F Capital Activities Cash Outflows Purchase of Fixed Assets Purchase of Long Term Investments Other Capital Payments Total Payments Cash Inflows Sale of Fixed Assets Capital Grants received Sale of Long Term Investments	18,186 2,365 1,502 22,053 948 5,785 122	118
780 24,711 531 1,636 26,878 515 11,469 188 1,780	Net Cash Inflow from Investments and Servicing of F Capital Activities Cash Outflows Purchase of Fixed Assets Purchase of Long Term Investments Other Capital Payments Total Payments Cash Inflows Sale of Fixed Assets Capital Grants received Sale of Long Term Investments Other Capital Receipts	18,186 2,365 1,502 22,053 948 5,785 122 1,519	118
780 24,711 531 1,636 26,878 515 11,469 188	Net Cash Inflow from Investments and Servicing of F Capital Activities Cash Outflows Purchase of Fixed Assets Purchase of Long Term Investments Other Capital Payments Total Payments Cash Inflows Sale of Fixed Assets Capital Grants received Sale of Long Term Investments	18,186 2,365 1,502 22,053 948 5,785 122	118
780 24,711 531 1,636 26,878 515 11,469 188 1,780 13,952	Net Cash Inflow from Investments and Servicing of F Capital Activities Cash Outflows Purchase of Fixed Assets Purchase of Long Term Investments Other Capital Payments Total Payments Cash Inflows Sale of Fixed Assets Capital Grants received Sale of Long Term Investments Other Capital Receipts	18,186 2,365 1,502 22,053 948 5,785 122 1,519	
780 24,711 531 1,636 26,878 515 11,469 188 1,780 13,952 (12,926)	Net Cash Inflow from Investments and Servicing of F Capital Activities Cash Outflows Purchase of Fixed Assets Purchase of Long Term Investments Other Capital Payments Total Payments Cash Inflows Sale of Fixed Assets Capital Grants received Sale of Long Term Investments Other Capital Receipts Total Receipts Net Cash Outflow from Capital Activities	18,186 2,365 1,502 22,053 948 5,785 122 1,519	(13,679)
780 24,711 531 1,636 26,878 515 11,469 188 1,780 13,952 (12,926)	Net Cash Inflow from Investments and Servicing of F Capital Activities Cash Outflows Purchase of Fixed Assets Purchase of Long Term Investments Other Capital Payments Total Payments Cash Inflows Sale of Fixed Assets Capital Grants received Sale of Long Term Investments Other Capital Receipts Total Receipts Net Cash Outflow from Capital Activities Net Cash Outflow before Financing	18,186 2,365 1,502 22,053 948 5,785 122 1,519	
780 24,711 531 1,636 26,878 515 11,469 188 1,780 13,952 (12,926) (10,957)	Net Cash Inflow from Investments and Servicing of F Capital Activities Cash Outflows Purchase of Fixed Assets Purchase of Long Term Investments Other Capital Payments Total Payments Cash Inflows Sale of Fixed Assets Capital Grants received Sale of Long Term Investments Other Capital Receipts Total Receipts Net Cash Outflow from Capital Activities Net Cash Outflow before Financing Management of Liquid Resources	18,186 2,365 1,502 22,053 948 5,785 122 1,519	(13,679) (8,644)
780 24,711 531 1,636 26,878 515 11,469 188 1,780 13,952 (12,926)	Net Cash Inflow from Investments and Servicing of F Capital Activities Cash Outflows Purchase of Fixed Assets Purchase of Long Term Investments Other Capital Payments Total Payments Cash Inflows Sale of Fixed Assets Capital Grants received Sale of Long Term Investments Other Capital Receipts Total Receipts Total Receipts Net Cash Outflow from Capital Activities Net Cash Outflow before Financing Management of Liquid Resources Net (Increase)/Decrease in Short Term Deposits	18,186 2,365 1,502 22,053 948 5,785 122 1,519	(13,679)
780 24,711 531 1,636 26,878 515 11,469 188 1,780 13,952 (12,926) (10,957)	Net Cash Inflow from Investments and Servicing of F Capital Activities Cash Outflows Purchase of Fixed Assets Purchase of Long Term Investments Other Capital Payments Total Payments Cash Inflows Sale of Fixed Assets Capital Grants received Sale of Long Term Investments Other Capital Receipts Total Receipts Net Cash Outflow from Capital Activities Net Cash Outflow before Financing Management of Liquid Resources Net (Increase)/Decrease in Short Term Deposits Management of Financing	18,186 2,365 1,502 22,053 948 5,785 122 1,519	(13,679) (8,644)
780 24,711 531 1,636 26,878 515 11,469 188 1,780 13,952 (12,926) (10,957) 12,073	Net Cash Inflow from Investments and Servicing of F Capital Activities Cash Outflows Purchase of Fixed Assets Purchase of Long Term Investments Other Capital Payments Total Payments Cash Inflows Sale of Fixed Assets Capital Grants received Sale of Long Term Investments Other Capital Receipts Total Receipts Net Cash Outflow from Capital Activities Net Cash Outflow before Financing Management of Liquid Resources Net (Increase)/Decrease in Short Term Deposits Management of Financing Cash Outflows	18,186 2,365 1,502 22,053 948 5,785 122 1,519 8,374	(13,679) (8,644)
780 24,711 531 1,636 26,878 515 11,469 188 1,780 13,952 (12,926) (10,957) 12,073	Net Cash Inflow from Investments and Servicing of F Capital Activities Cash Outflows Purchase of Fixed Assets Purchase of Long Term Investments Other Capital Payments Total Payments Cash Inflows Sale of Fixed Assets Capital Grants received Sale of Long Term Investments Other Capital Receipts Total Receipts Net Cash Outflow from Capital Activities Net Cash Outflow before Financing Management of Liquid Resources Net (Increase)/Decrease in Short Term Deposits Management of Financing	18,186 2,365 1,502 22,053 948 5,785 122 1,519 8,374	(13,679) (8,644)
780 24,711 531 1,636 26,878 515 11,469 188 1,780 13,952 (12,926) (10,957) 12,073	Net Cash Inflow from Investments and Servicing of F Capital Activities Cash Outflows Purchase of Fixed Assets Purchase of Long Term Investments Other Capital Payments Total Payments Cash Inflows Sale of Fixed Assets Capital Grants received Sale of Long Term Investments Other Capital Receipts Total Receipts Net Cash Outflow from Capital Activities Net Cash Outflow before Financing Management of Liquid Resources Net (Increase)/Decrease in Short Term Deposits Management of Financing Cash Outflows Repayments of Amounts Borrowed	18,186 2,365 1,502 22,053 948 5,785 122 1,519 8,374	(13,679) (8,644)
780 24,711 531 1,636 26,878 515 11,469 188 1,780 13,952 (12,926) (10,957) 12,073	Net Cash Inflow from Investments and Servicing of F Capital Activities Cash Outflows Purchase of Fixed Assets Purchase of Long Term Investments Other Capital Payments Total Payments Cash Inflows Sale of Fixed Assets Capital Grants received Sale of Long Term Investments Other Capital Receipts Total Receipts Net Cash Outflow from Capital Activities Net Cash Outflow before Financing Management of Liquid Resources Net (Increase)/Decrease in Short Term Deposits Management of Financing Cash Outflows Repayments of Amounts Borrowed Cash Inflows	18,186 2,365 1,502 22,053 948 5,785 122 1,519 8,374	(13,679) (8,644)
780 24,711 531 1,636 26,878 515 11,469 188 1,780 13,952 (12,926) (10,957) 12,073	Net Cash Inflow from Investments and Servicing of F Capital Activities Cash Outflows Purchase of Fixed Assets Purchase of Long Term Investments Other Capital Payments Total Payments Cash Inflows Sale of Fixed Assets Capital Grants received Sale of Long Term Investments Other Capital Receipts Total Receipts Net Cash Outflow from Capital Activities Net Cash Outflow before Financing Management of Liquid Resources Net (Increase)/Decrease in Short Term Deposits Management of Financing Cash Outflows Repayments of Amounts Borrowed Cash Inflows New Loans raised	18,186 2,365 1,502 22,053 948 5,785 122 1,519 8,374	(13,679) (8,644) 6,262
780 24,711 531 1,636 26,878 515 11,469 188 1,780 13,952 (12,926) (10,957) 12,073	Net Cash Inflow from Investments and Servicing of F Capital Activities Cash Outflows Purchase of Fixed Assets Purchase of Long Term Investments Other Capital Payments Total Payments Cash Inflows Sale of Fixed Assets Capital Grants received Sale of Long Term Investments Other Capital Receipts Total Receipts Net Cash Outflow from Capital Activities Net Cash Outflow before Financing Management of Liquid Resources Net (Increase)/Decrease in Short Term Deposits Management of Financing Cash Outflows Repayments of Amounts Borrowed Cash Inflows	18,186 2,365 1,502 22,053 948 5,785 122 1,519 8,374	(13,679) (8,644)
780 24,711 531 1,636 26,878 515 11,469 188 1,780 13,952 (12,926) (10,957) 12,073	Net Cash Inflow from Investments and Servicing of F Capital Activities Cash Outflows Purchase of Fixed Assets Purchase of Long Term Investments Other Capital Payments Total Payments Cash Inflows Sale of Fixed Assets Capital Grants received Sale of Long Term Investments Other Capital Receipts Total Receipts Net Cash Outflow from Capital Activities Net Cash Outflow before Financing Management of Liquid Resources Net (Increase)/Decrease in Short Term Deposits Management of Financing Cash Outflows Repayments of Amounts Borrowed Cash Inflows New Loans raised	18,186 2,365 1,502 22,053 948 5,785 122 1,519 8,374	(13,679) (8,644) 6,262

Notes to the Cashflow Statement

1. Reconciliation of Operating Surplus to net cash inflow from Revenue Activities

	2002/03 £000				2003/04 £000
	241	Operating Surplus			7,926
	8,473 94 472 (174) 868 23 717	Non Cash Transactions Contributions to Reserves Adjustments not Involving the Move Contributions to Capital Increase/(Decrease) in Bad Debt Pro Items on an Accruals Basis (Increase)/Decrease in Stock and Wo (Increase)/Decrease in Debtors Increase/(Decrease) in Creditors	vision ork in Progress		3,092 (15,288) 9,055 54 4,839 40 (19) 57 78
2	1,189 Movement in	Cash Inflow from Revenue Activiti	ies		4,917
2.	2002/03 £000	Casii	31-Mar-04 £000	31-Mar-03 £000	Movement £000
	2,149	Bank Overdraft Cash	(2,052)	(1,641) 6	(411)
	2,149	Increase / (Decrease) in Cash	(2,046)	(1,635)	(411)
3.	Reconciliation	n of Liquid Resources			
	2002/03 £000		31-Mar-04 £000	31-Mar-03 £000	Movement £000
	(12,073)	Temporary Lending	5,450	11,712	(6,262)
4.	Reconciliation	n of Financing			
	2002/03 £000		31-Mar-04 £000	31-Mar-03 £000	Movement £000
	(1,033)	Revenue Advances from Common Good, Charities & Pension Fund	(6,098)	(4,127)	(1,971)
5.	Analysis of G	overnment Grants			
	2002/03 £000	Grants Received			2003/04 £000
		Teacher Training Other Education Grants Pre - School Funding			91 364
	629 38 359 843 122 333 1,261 212 4,190	National Priorities Action Fund Social Inclusion Partnership Other Miscellaneous Grants Community Social Services - Specifi Mental Illness Specific Grant Offender Services Scottish Funding Council for Further Transportation - Rural Initiative Total	-		618 49 266 912 133 354 1,295 473
	7,170	- VVIII			1,000

PENSION FUND ACCOUNT

The Orkney Islands Council Pension Fund is constituted under the various Local Government Pension Fund Acts and related regulations and provides pension benefits to all local government employees, excluding principally teachers, of Orkney Islands Council, together with 13 other organisations of a statutory and voluntary nature which have been accepted into the fund as admitted bodies. The members of the fund increased from 1,221 employees at 31 March 2003 to 1,391 employees at 31 March 2004 and the number of pension payments increased from 366 at 31 March 2003 to 384 at 31 March 2004.

The Fund is built up from contributions from both employees and employing bodies, together with interest and dividends from investments, out of which pensions and other benefits are paid.

The monies belonging to the Pension Fund are entirely managed by appointed Investment Fund managers and are held separately from any of the employing bodies which participate in the Pension Fund. After meeting the cost of current benefits, all surplus cash income is invested and the increasing value of investment is then available to meet future liabilities to employees within the Fund. In addition to a contingent liability to meet future pension benefits payable to existing employees, the funds must also provide for the future payment of deferred pension benefits which have been preserved by former employees in respect of service prior to their leaving.

Employees contributions are fixed by statute, with employers contributions being assessed every three years by an independent Actuary to determine the level of contribution necessary by employing bodies to ensure that the fund is able to meet all future benefits. For employees, officers contribute 6% whilst manual workers contribute 5%. Following completion of the 2002 Actuarial valuation, the employers rate will see the implementation of a stepped increase in contribution rates for a period of three years commencing in 2003 at 250%, rising to 275% in 2004 and 295% in 2005.

The funds have been invested in accordance with the investment controls laid down in the Local Government Pension (Scotland) Regulations 1989 and quoted investments of the fund have been revalued to market value at 31 March 2004 with the gain on revaluation being credited to the fund.

PENSION FUND ACCOUNT

2002/03 £000	FUND ACCOUNT	2003/04 £000
	Contributions Receivable	2000
1,222	Employees Contributions	1,350
2,743	Employer Contributions	3,240
205	Transfer Values	1,562
406	Contributions from Services (Pension Increases)	52
4,576		6,204
	Benefits Payable	
1.016	Pension Benefits:	1.700
1,816	Retirement Pensions	1,702
351 148	Retirement Allowances Death Gratuities	355 37
_	Refund of Contributions	14
	Transfer Values	713
1	Equivalent Payment Contributions	9
	Fund Administration	118
2,465	Tund Paliminstration	2,948
2,111	Net Additions from Dealings with Members	3,256
	Returns on Investments	
1,444	Investment Income	1,631
1,	Gain in Market Value of Investments:	1,001
(2,684)	Realised	(1,006)
(11,017)	Unrealised	10,102
(137)	Investment Management Expenses	(142)
(12,394)	Net Return on Investments	10,585
(10,283)	Net Increase in Fund during year	13,841
57,156	Opening Net Assets of Fund	46,873
46,873	Closing Net Assets of Fund	60,714
	Net Assets Statement (as at 31 March)	
7 400	Investment Assets	5.560
5,480	Fixed Interest - Public Sector	5,560
1,627 22,224	Fixed Interest - Overseas Equities - UK	2,053 27,306
11,881	Equities - OK Equities - Overseas	18,088
1,377	Index Linked - UK	2,219
645	Index Linked - Overseas	218
1,272	Funds held by Investment Managers - Other (Cash)	1,181
44,506		56,625
,	Current Assets	,
102	Sundry Debtors	22
2,299	Loans Fund Deposit	4,184
	Less Current Liabilities	
34	Sundry Creditors	117
2,367	Net Current Assets	4,089
46,873	Net Assets	60,714
4 < 6 = 5	Financed by:	-c :
46,873	Accumulated Fund	60,714

A TAIT, C.P.F.A., F.C.C.A. Director of Finance 29 June 2004

Notes to the Pension Fund Account

1. Actuarial Valuation Reports

Actuarial report was provided in 2003 after undertaking valuations on the fund as at 31 March 2002. Information from this actuarial valuation is undernoted:

- (a) Market value of assets at valuation £57,156,000.
- (b) Members Contributions

Officers	6.0%
Manual Workers before 01/04/98	5.0%
Manual Workers after 01/04/98	6.0%

(c) Employers contributions as a percentage of employees contributions

1 April 2003	250%
1 April 2004	275%
1 April 2005	295%

(d) Valuation assumptions:

Investment Return:

Equities	6.65%
Bonds	5.20%
Pay Increases	4.10%
Price Inflation / Pension Increases	2.60%
Rate used to discount scheme liabilities	6.30%

- (e) The Projected Unit method was used for the valuation of the fund
- (f) The level of funding in terms of the percentage of assets available to meet liabilities was 96%

2. Investment Assets

(a) The undernoted table identifies for the market value of the assets for the Orkney Islands Council Pension Fund, the value and proportion which are under the management of the fund managers.

2002/03			2003/04	
£000	%		£000	%
44,506	94.95	Baillie Gifford and Company	56,625	93.27
2,299	4.90	Loans Fund Deposit	4,184	6.89
68	0.15	Sundry Debtors less Creditors	(95)	(0.16)
46,873	100.00		60,714	100.00

A copy of the Statement of Investment Principles is available from the Director of Finance.

(b) Details of the investment assets between UK or Foreign, and listed or unlisted are set out below:

2002/03 £000		2003/04 £000
29,081 UK	Listed Unlisted	35,085
14,153 Foreign	Listed Unlisted	20,359
43,234	Offisica	55,444

3. Purchases and Sales

The value for respective purchases and sales for the pension fund are as follows:

2002/03 £000	2003/04 £000
25,552 Purchases	16,822
20,699 Sales	13,744

4. Contributions Receivable and Payable

An analysis is provided below for the Orkney Islands Council Pension Fund of contributions receivable and payable between the administering authority and admitted bodies.

Contributions Receivable 2002/03 £000			Contributions Receivable 2003/04 £000	Payable
3,409	2,259	Administering Authority	3,936	2,021
556	56	Admitted Bodies	654	73
3,965	2,315		4,590	2,094

5. Investment Sub Committee

The Orkney Islands Council carries out its administration functions through its Investment Sub Committee which comprises the Convener S Hagan, Vice Convener J Sinclair, Councillor A K Johnson, Councillor M Drever and Councillor R Sclater.

6. Admitted Bodies

The list of bodies admitted to the fund is as follows:

Orkney Tourist Board

Orkney Heritage Society

Orkney Towage Company Limited

Weyland Farms Limited

Orkney Meat Limited

Orkney Ferries Limited

Orkney Enterprise

Drinkwise Orkney

Orkney Islands Property Development Limited

Pickaquoy Centre Trust

Orkney Opportunities Centre

Orkney & Shetland Joint Valuation Committee

D & H Glue

CHARITY, TRUST AND COMMON GOOD FUNDS

The Islands Council as the sole Trustee administers a number of educational, social welfare and miscellaneous trusts. Income from the trusts is used to provide educational grants and prizes, comforts for residents in Islands Council homes for the elderly and handicapped and various community facilities.

2002/03 Net £000		Expenditure £000	Income £000	2003/04 Net £000
(1)	Educational Trust	4	2	2
(8)	Education Bequests	7	53	(46)
(19)	Social Bequests	20	48	(28)
(1)	Miscellaneous	2	3	(1)
(1)	Sheriff Thom's Bequest	1	1	-
(38)	Common Good Fund	25	41	(16)
(3)	Cathedral Promotion Fund	-	3	(3)
(1)	Cathedral Fabric Fund	4	4	-
(72)		63	155	(92)
31-Mar-03 £000	Balance Sheet			31-Mar-04 £000
	Investments			
16	Listed Securities			15
29	Property			29
45				44
149	Capital Deposits			149
194	Total Long Term Assets			193
	Current Assets			
1,678	Loan Fund Deposit			1,765
6	Less Current Liabilities			-
1,672	Net Current Assets			1,765
1,866	Net Assets			1,958
	Financed by:			
66	Educational Trusts			64
284	Education Bequests			330
771	Social Bequests			799
88	Miscellaneous Trusts			89
431	Common Good Funds			447
3	Cathedral Promotion Fund			6
52	Cathedral Fabric Fund			52
22	Sheriff Thom's Bequest			22
149	Unapplied Capital Receipts			149
1,866				1,958

A TAIT, C.P.F.A., F.C.C.A. Director of Finance 29 June 2004

STATEMENT ON THE SYSTEM OF INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROL

- 1 This statement is given in respect of the Statement of Accounts for Orkney Islands Council. We acknowledge our responsibility for ensuring that an effective system of internal financial control is maintained and operated in connection with the resources concerned.
- 2 The system of internal financial control can provide only reasonable and not absolute assurance that assets are safeguarded, that transactions are authorised and properly recorded, and that material errors or irregularities are either prevented or would be detected within a timely period.
- 3 The system of internal financial control is based on a framework of regular management information, financial regulations, administrative procedures (including segregation of duties) management supervision, and a system of delegation and accountability. Development and maintenance of the system is undertaken by managers within the Council. In particular, the system includes:
 - comprehensive budgeting systems;
 - regular reviews of periodic and annual financial reports which indicate financial performance against the forecasts;
 - setting targets to measure financial and other performance;
 - the preparation of regular financial reports which indicate actual expenditure against the forecasts;
 - clearly-defined capital expenditure guidelines;
 - as appropriate, formal project management disciplines; and
 - best value review processes incorporating the preparation and implementation of service improvement plans.
- 4 Internal Audit is an independent appraisal function established by the Council for the review of the internal control system as a service to the organisation. It objectively examines, evaluates and reports on the adequacy of the control environment as a contribution to the proper, economic, efficient and effective use of resources.

The internal audit section reports directly to the Director of Finance and Housing. The section operates in accordance with the CIPFA Code of Practice for Internal Audit in Local Government in the United Kingdom.

The council also has in place a Monitoring and Audit Committee who are responsible for ensuring that arrangements are in place to secure proper stewardship of the Council's resources, including the arrangements for internal audit and financial control.

The internal audit work plan, which is based on an audit needs assessment and a risk exposure analysis, is prepared following consultation across all departments and outlines the three year strategy to be adopted by the internal audit section in undertaking audit inspections. The plan is approved by the Monitoring and Audit Committee.

Audit reports are produced following the completion of each audit, which outline any system weaknesses identified, and/or non compliance with expected controls. These reports are presented to the Monitoring and Audit Committee to enable the committee to monitor the implementation of any audit recommendations made. Managers agree action to be taken following audits to correct any weaknesses identified in the system of internal control.

On the basis of information gained over the period from internal and external audit reports, the Director of Finance and Housing and the Council therefore have a better understanding of the adequacy and effectiveness of the system of internal financial control.

- 5 Our review of the effectiveness of the system of internal financial control is informed by:
 - the work of managers within the Council;
 - the best value review process;
 - the work of the internal auditors as described above; and
 - the external auditors in their annual audit letter and other reports.
- 6 The staffing resource of the internal audit section has increased to three full time members of staff from May 2004, in order to cover the potential areas of activity identified in the audit plan. The Council's external auditors hold the view that the section is now at least at 75% of the level they would recommend. In conjunction with the developing remit of the Monitoring and Audit Committee the staffing resource of the internal audit function will continue to be kept under review by the Council.

A budgetary control follow up audit carried out by the Council's external auditors, has raised specific concerns regarding the authority's budgetary control system. Managers have agreed a plan of recommendations to address the weaknesses identified, and to improve the system of internal control.

Aligned to planned improvements in the budgetary control system the Council has approved the adoption of proposals to integrate the strategic and service planning processes within the budget preparation arrangements. Further improvements have also been agreed for the capital appraisal arrangements. The staffing resources within the Accountancy function have subsequently been enhanced, which will enable support and training to be provided for budget holders during 2004/05.

Taken together with the other previously agreed actions these should address the concerns raised within the audit report.

The Orkney Islands Council Pension Fund audit includes a number of specific recommendations to strengthen the internal control system covering the Pension Fund's investments, pensions payments and fund contributions. In response to this an action plan has been agreed to address the weaknesses identified and to improve the system of internal control.

An external audit of the Payroll function is currently on-going with an initial review indicating similar weaknesses in internal control systems, as identified in the Pension Audit. These issues will be addressed as a priority through an action plan to be agreed with External Audit.

A further area where action needs to be progressed relates to corporate governance. Specific areas of activity have been identified and reported upon to the Monitoring and Audit Committee as requiring urgent attention such as the early adoption of a local code of corporate governance and the introduction of formal risk management systems with structured processes, including quality control, to identify and evaluate all significant operational risks. A risk management policy statement has been agreed by the Management Team and will be recommended for approval by the Council later this year. A fraud and corruption policy is due to be adopted by the Council as part of the revised Financial Regulations, and will be supported by a fraud plan setting out detailed procedures and operational guidelines.

A register of all significant sums paid by way of grant assistance has been established and is due to be reported to the Council in accordance with the "Following the Public Pound" guidance. A related issue is the need to clearly define the role, responsibilities, liability and probity of members and officers of the Council being appointed to external bodies funded by the Council. Both of these issues are currently being progressed, by means of reports to the Monitoring and Audit Committee.

A TAIT, C.P.F.A., F.C.C.A. Director of Finance 29 June 2004

THE STATEMENT OF RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTS

The Authority's Responsibilities

The authority is required:

to make arrangements for the proper administration of its financial affairs and to secure that one of its officers has the responsibility for the administration of those affairs. In this authority, that officer is the Director of Finance.

to manage its affairs to secure economic, efficient and effective use of resources and safeguard its assets.

The Director of Finance's Responsibilities

The Director of Finance is responsible for the preparation of the authority's statement of accounts which, in terms of the CIPFA/LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in Great Britain ("the Code of Practice"), is required to present fairly the financial position of the authority at the accounting date and its income and expenditure for the year ended 31 March 2004.

In preparing this statement of accounts, the Director of Finance has:

selected suitable accounting policies and then applied them consistently;

made judgements and estimates that were reasonable and prudent;

complied with the Code of Practice.

The Director of Finance has also:

kept proper accounting records which were up to date;

taken reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

I confirm that this Statement of Accounts presents fairly the financial position of the Authority at the accounting date and its income and expenditure for the year ended 31 March 2004.

A TAIT, C.P.F.A., F.C.C.A. Director of Finance 29 June 2004

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the members of Orkney Islands Council and the Accounts Commission for Scotland

I certify that I have audited the financial statements on pages 3 to 39 under the Local Government (Scotland) Act 1973. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting policies set out on pages 3 to 6.

This report is made solely to the parties to whom it is addressed in accordance with Part VII of the Local Government (Scotland) Act 1973 and the Code of Audit Practice approved by the Accounts Commission and for no other purpose, as set out in paragraph 43 of the Statement of Responsibilities of Auditors and of Audited Bodies prepared by Audit Scotland, dated July 2001.

Respective responsibilities of the Director of Finance and Auditor

As described on page 42 the Director of Finance of the Council is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom, a Statement of Recommended Practice ("the SORP"). My responsibilities, as independent auditor, are established by statute and the Code of Audit Practice approved by the Accounts Commission, and guided by the auditing profession's ethical guidance.

I report my opinion as to whether the financial statements present fairly the financial position of the Council at 31 March 2004 and its income and expenditure for the year. I also report if, in my opinion, the Council has not kept proper accounting records, or if I have not received all the information and explanations I require for my audit.

I review whether the Statement on the System of Internal Financial Control on pages 40 to 41 complies with the requirements of the SORP. I report if, in my opinion, the statement does not comply with the requirements or if it is misleading or inconsistent with other information I am aware of from my audit. I am not required to consider whether the statement covers all risks and controls, or form an opinion on the effectiveness of the Council's corporate governance procedures or risk and control procedures.

I read the other information published with the financial statements and consider the implications for my report if I become aware of any apparent misstatements or material inconsistencies with the financial statements.

Basis of audit opinion

I conducted my audit in accordance with Part VII of the Local Government (Scotland) Act 1973 and the Code of Audit Practice, which requires compliance with relevant United Kingdom Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board.

An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the Director of Finance in the preparation of the financial statements and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the Council's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

I planned and performed my audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which I considered necessary in order to provide me with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming my opinion, I also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In my opinion the financial statements present fairly the financial position of the Council as at 31 March 2004 and its income and expenditure for the year then ended.

Failure to comply with statutory requirement

It has not been necessary to qualify my opinion in respect of the following matter.

Supporting people grant of £357,000 has been used by the Council in 2003/04 to fund expenditure on housing support services, both directly and by making payments to other providers. Housing support services as defined in the Regulation of Care (Scotland) Act 2001 require to be registered with the Care Commission. An Order made under that Act required applications to register to be made before 1 October 2003.

However, due to the fact that multiple and complex services were being provided, it took some time for the Care Commission and individual providers to agree on the number of applications required and no valid applications were made before 1 October 2003. As a result, expenditure funded by supporting people grant since 1 October 2003 in respect of services that required to be registered is not in compliance with the statutory requirement. The Council estimates that the sum involved for the period from 1 October 2003 to 31 March 2004 is in the region of £27,000.

Peter Tait CPFA, Chief Auditor Audit Services Osborne House 1/5 Osborne Terrace Edinburgh EH12 5HG

22 September 2004